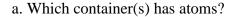
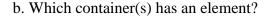
Matter	Unit	Study	Guide	[1]
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Name ______ Date ____ Period ___

1. Oxygen and Hydrogen combine to form water. In the space to the right, draw an illustration of a water molecule. Additionally, identify water as any of the following that apply: an atom, an element, a molecule, and/or a compound. Explain your answer. S8P1a

- 2. What is the smallest particle of the element iron (Fe) that can still be classified as iron? S8P1a
- 3. Paper, glass, and iron are all made up of _____. S8P1a.
- 4. A molecule is to a compound as an atom is to a(n) . S8P1a.
- 5. The diagram shows three containers of gas. Use the diagram to answer the questions below. S8P1a-b



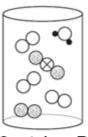


c. Which container(s) has a pure substance?

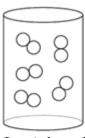
d. Which container(s) has molecules?

e. Which container(s) has a mixture?

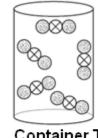
f. Which container(s) has compounds?



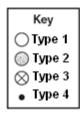
Container R



Container S



Container T



- 6. Which of the following do and do not represent a compound: O₂, N₂O, CO₂, H₂, NaCl Explain your answer. S8P1b
- 7. A solution of saltwater sits in the sun for 6 days. After 6 days, only salt remains in the cup. Explain why this is an example of a mixture. S8P1b
- 8. Mud Water is which of the following: element, compound, mixture. Explain your answer. S8P1b
- 9. Which of the following does not belong: Air, Salt, Water, or Oxygen Explain. S8P1b

Matter Unit Study Guide [1]

Name	Date	Period
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	Group 1a	-																Group 0
Period 1	Hydrogen	Group 2a	The Periodic Table Group 3a Group 5a Group 6a Group 5a Group									Group 6a	Group 7a	He Hellum				
Period 2	Li Lithium 6,941	Be Beryllum 9.0122											B Boron 10.811	Carbon 12,011	7 N Nitrogen 14,0067	8 Oxygen 15,9994	F Fluorine 18.9984	Ne Neon 20.183
Period 3	Na Sodium 22,9898	Mg Magnesium 24.305	Group 3b	Group 4b	Group 5b	Group 6b	Group 7b	Group 8	Group 8	Group 8	Group 1b	Group 2b	Al Al Aluminum 26,9815	Silicon 28.086	Phosphorus 30.9738	16 S Sulfur 32,066	Chlorine 35.453	Ar Ar Argon 39,948
Period 4	K Potassium 39.098	Calcium	SC Scandium 44.956	Titanium 47.87	Vanadium 50.942	Cr Chromium 51.996	Mn Mn Manganese 54,9380	Fe Iron 55.845	27 Co Cobalt 58,9332	Ni Nickel S8.69	Cu Copper 63,546	Zn Zinc 65.39	Gallium 69,72	Ge Germanium	AS Arsenic 74,9216	Se Selenium 78.96	Br Bromine 79,904	Kr Krypton 83.80
Period 5	Rb Rubidium 85.47	Sr Strontium 87.62	Yttrium 88.906	Zr Zirconium 91/22	Nb Niobium 92,906	Mo Molybdenum 95.94	Tc Technetium	Ru Ruthenium 101.07	Rh Rhodium	Pd Palladium 106.4	47 Ag Silver 107.868	Cd Cadmium	In Indum 114.82	50 Sn Tin 118.71	Sb Antimony 121.76	Te Testurium	53 lodine 126,9045	Xe Xenan 131.29
Period 6	CS Cesium 132,905	Ba Banum 137.33	57-71 * Lanthanides	72 Hf Hafnium 178.49	Ta Tantalum 180.948	74 W Tungsten 183.84	Re Rhenium	OS Osmium 1902	77 Ir Iridium 1922	Pt Pt Platinum 195.08	79 Au Gold 196.967	Hg Mercury 200.59	Thallium 20438	Pb Lead 207.2	Bi Bismuth	PO Polonium (210)	At Astatine (210)	Rn Radon (222)
Period 7	Fr Fr Francium (223)	Radium (226)	89-103 ** Actinides	Rf Rf Butherfordium (261)	Db Dubnium (262)	Sg Seaborgium (266)	Bh Bohrium (264)	HS Hassium (265)	Mt Meitnerium (268)	DS Damistadijum (281)	Rg Roentgenlum (280)	Uub Element 112 (285)	113 Uut Element 113 (284)	Uuq Element 114 (289)	Uup Element 115 (287)	Uuh Element 116 (293)		Uuo Eement 118 (294)

10	. What a	re the	substances	on the	Periodic	Table	and	why	are	they	classif	ied t	ogether	in a	a table?
S 8	3P1b							-		-			_		

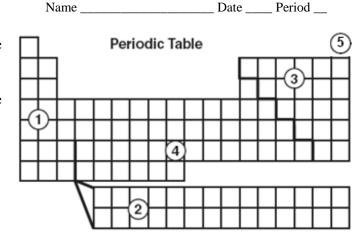
11. On the peri	iodic table, sodium is	represented by Na. Na is a	. S8P1f
11. On the peri	iodic table, soulain is	icpresented by 11a. 11a is a	. 501 11

- 12. Each element in the periodic table is assigned an atomic number. What does the atomic number tell us about the element? S8P1f
- 13. On the Periodic Table, what does the number above each of the elements represent? S8P1f
- 14. In the chemical formula for Magnesium chloride, MgCl₂, what does the subscript 2 represent? S8P1f
- 15. What are metalloids? Identify all the metalloids from the Periodic Table. S8P1f.
- 16. Read the statements below about the Periodic Table. Identify which statements are true/false. If the statement is false, explain why it is false. S8P1f
 - a. Each horizontal row of the table is called group.
 - b. Each family represents the number of energy levels present in an atom of the element.
 - c. The properties of an element can be predicted from its location on the table.
 - d. The elements are arranged from left to right, up to down by decreasing atomic number.

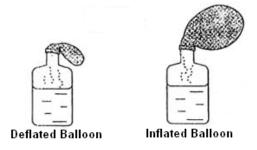
Matter Unit Study Guide [1]

Use the Periodic Table to the right to answer the following questions.

- 17. In which region of the table would nonmetals be found? S8P1f
- 18. In which region would the most reactive elements be found? S8P1f
- 19. In which region would the least reactive elements be found? S8P1f



- 20. What is true about metals which is not true about nonmetals? S8P1f
- 21. Define Mass. S8P1g
- 22. Define the Law of Conservation of Matter. S8P1g
- 23. The diagram illustrates an experiment where baking soda was added to a container of vinegar. After five minutes, the balloon on the top of the bottle started expanding. Explain what happened and how this experiment demonstrates the Law of Conservation of Matter. S8P1g.



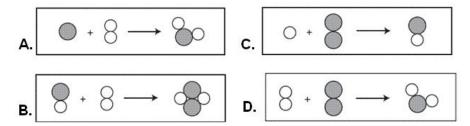
Mass of Reactants Products

24. The diagram to the right illustrates
_____. Explain your answer. S8P1g

Methane + Oxygen Carbon Dioxide + Water

50.0 g + 200.0 g → 137.5 g + 112.5 g

25. Which model demonstrates the Law of Conservation of Matter? Explain your answer. S8P1g



26. An iron bar had a beginning mass of 150 grams. As the bar rusted, its mass increased. Explain why the mass of the iron bar increased. S8P1g.